進階講義

英文文法

被動式

中和高中英魁工作坊

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被動式

之前我們所學過的句子大部分為「主動句」,但是,英文中如果想要表示,被處罰了,被 罵了,這些都要用到「被動語態」,如果不會用就太可惜了!其實規則很簡單,讀完本單元就 會懂了!



1. 基本結構: be + 過去分詞

如何將主動語態改成被動語態?

主動語態改被動語態通常遵循下面三個原則:

- (1) 將主動語態的受詞改為被動語態的主詞。
- (2) 將主動語態的主要動詞改為「be 動詞+過去分詞」的結構, be 動詞的單、複數要與被動語態的主詞一致。
- (3) 將主動語態的主詞置於介系詞 by 之後,並將整個介系詞片語 by ..., 放在主要動詞之後(有時可省略)。

例如:

- ➤ 主動語態: Mary loves her daughters a lot.
- ➤ 被動語態: Her daughters are loved by Mary a lot.

例如:

- ➤ 主動語態: Sue wrote a book.
- ➤ 被動語熊: A book was written by Sue.

例如:

- ➤ 主動語態: Tom asked a question.
- ▶ 動語態: 被 A question was asked by Tom.

通常我們使用被動語態,主要是讓主動語態的受詞顯得更重要。我們把主動語態的受詞放到被動語態句子的前面,彰顯該受詞重要於動作的執行者。因此所要表達的是是誰做那動作的並不重要。所以把 by+某人省略掉都可以。另外,當動作的執行者不是那麼重要或不知是誰的情況下,最好用被動語態。

1.簡單式: be + p.p.

- ➤ 現在簡單式 He is punished by his teacher.
- ➤ 過去簡單式 He was bullied by his classmate.
- ➤ 未來簡單式 He will be treated to a nice dinner tomorrow.

2. 完成式: has/ have/ had been + p.p.

- ➤ 現在完成式 He has been criticized for a year.
- ➤ 過去完成式 He had been targeted since he resigned.
- ▶ 未來完成式 He will have been required to finish his job by next month.

3. 進行式: be being + p.p.

- ▶ 現在進行式 He is being questioned by the policeman now.
- > 過去進行式 He was being scolded by his mother at ten o'clock last night.

III.其他常見的被動語態觀念

- 1. 感官動詞或使役動詞的被動: S + be + seen/ heard/ made + to V
 - A beautiful girl was seen to enter the room.
- 2.It is said/ believed/ rumored/ expected/ suggested that S + V. "一般說來/ 一般相信/一般謠傳/ 大家期待/ 有人建議…"
- 3.有些動詞是沒有被動語態的,例如: happen, take place, occur, belong to, consist of 等等。
- 4.含有情態助動詞的被動語態: should / must / can + be + p.p.
 - > You should be invited to the party.



1.	合約現在正在被簽署。The contract is now.					
2.	他沒有偷錢。 The money by him at that time.					
3.	他父親在戰爭中喪命了。His father(kill) in the war.					
4.	去年發生了一場恐怖的戰爭。A terrible war last year.					
5.	這本書是去年寫的。This book last year.					
6.	據說定期運動有益健康。 that exercising regularly is good for your health.					
7.	Our life has changed considerably since the computer (A) has been invented (B)					
	was invented (C) had been invented					
8.	When you return next year, this garden (A) will finish (B) will have been fini					
	(C) will be finishing					
9.	Languages must in meaningful situations. (A) learn (B) be learned (C) be learning					
10.	This apartment for 20 years. (A) is built (B) has been building (C) has been built					



1.	is being signed	2.	was not stolen	3.	was killed
4.	happened/ occurred/ took place	5.	was written	6.	It is said
7.	В	8.	В	9.	В
10.	С				